## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

### 1-49. (Canceled)

- **50.** (Currently amended) An *in vitro* process for enabling meiotic recombination of partially homologous DNA sequences having up to 30% of base mismatches in yeast cells, said process comprising:
- (a) providing a first set of haploid yeast cells comprising a first DNA sequence, and having a defective enzymatic mismatch repair system;
- (b) providing a second set of haploid yeast cells comprising a second DNA sequence which is partially homologous to the first DNA sequence by having up to 30% base mismatches with the first DNA sequence, and having a defective enzymatic mismatch repair system;
  - (c) mixing the first and second sets of cells to form diploid yeast cells;
- (d) maintaining the diploid yeast cells under conditions to effect meiotic recombination meiosis, to make hybrid yeast cells; and
  - (e) recovering the <u>hybrid</u> haploid yeast cells with recombined DNA sequences.

## 51. (Canceled)

- **52.** (Previously presented) The process according to claim 50, wherein said enzymatic mismatch repair system of said yeast cells are rendered defective by a mutation of the mismatch repair gene PMS1 and/or a mutation of the mismatch repair gene MSH2.
- **53.** (**Previously presented**) The process according to claim 52, wherein the mutation of the mismatch repair gene PMS1 and/or the mutation of the mismatch repair gene MSH2 is due to a deletion of the respective gene.

## 54. (Canceled)

- 55. (Previously presented) An *in vitro* process for making hybrid yeast cells, said process comprising:
- (a) mutating *in vitro* a first set of haploid yeast cells to render defective the enzymatic mismatch repair system of said cells and introducing a first DNA sequence into said cells;
- (b) mutating *in vitro* a second set of haploid yeast cells to render defective the enzymatic mismatch repair system of said cells and introducing a second DNA sequence into said cells wherein the second DNA sequence is partially homologous to the first DNA sequence and has up to 30% base mismatches with the first DNA sequence;
  - (c) mixing the first and second sets of cells to form diploid yeast cells;
- (d) culturing said diploid yeast cells to effect meiotic recombination of said partially homologous first and second DNA sequences, to make hybrid yeast cells; and
  - (e) recovering said hybrid yeast cells.

# 56. (Canceled)

- **57.** (**Previously presented**) An *in vitro* process for obtaining hybrid DNA sequences, which comprises:
  - (a) conducting the process according to claim 55 to make hybrid yeast cells; and
  - (b) isolating hybrid DNA sequences of said hybrid yeast cells.
- **58.** (**Previously presented**) The process according to claim 57, wherein said hybrid DNA sequences comprise a gene.
- **59.** (**Previously presented**) An *in vitro* process for obtaining proteins encoded by hybrid DNA sequences comprising:
  - (a) obtaining said hybrid DNA sequences according to the process of claim 57; and
  - (b) expressing proteins encoded by said hybrid DNA sequences.

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**60.** (**Previously presented**) The process according to claim 59, wherein said hybrid DNA sequences comprise a gene.

61-63. (Canceled)